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ABSTRACT

This report on the types of library projects funded by the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) Library Literacy Program indicates that, out of the 533 state and local public library proposals which were submitted, 214 libraries in 47 states received funding, and that grants ranging in size from \$1,400 to \$25,000 were awarded to 16 state libraries and 198 local public libraries. Six sections divide the report. Section I provides an overview of the types of literacy activities that have found funding, e.g., projects which establish literacy collections, train tutors, offer English-as-a-Second-Language instruction, or provide family literacy services. Discussed in section II are the major developments in the areas of evaluation, family literacy, computer instruction, and special populations that have occurred in these projects. Examined in section III are such common characteristics of the 1989 project activities as collaboration, cooperation, coalition building; public awareness; training; collection development; technology-assisted approaches; special instructional components; and employment-oriented projects. Section IV provides an exhaustive list of the project activities and their activity codes, and section V presents descriptions of each project. Listed alphabetically by state, the project descriptions include the library name, address and phone number, director's name, amount of funding, and codes for activities encompassed by the project's scope. Finally, section VI presents an analysis of the 1989 applications, grants, and project activities and provides statistics on the applications received and funded; it also investigates state and local public library activities. (MAB)

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Library Programs

LSCA VI

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Library Literacy Program

Analysis of Funded Projects

1989

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Library Programs

LSCA VI

Library Literacy Program

Analysis of Funded Projects

1989

by Barbara Humes and Carol Cameron

August 1990

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FOREWORD

The Library Literacy Program, Title VI of the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA), makes grants to State and local public libraries to support literacy programs. The program has been funded at approximately \$5 million annually since fiscal year 1986, the first year of the program. Grants are awarded on a competitive basis, with approximately 230 grants awarded each year, involving libraries in almost every State.

This report analyzes the 1989 projects and discusses major developments in the Library Literacy Program. A description of the activities of the programs is appended to the report in order for readers to identify the libraries working in specific areas of interest. This list can also be used to generate ideas for starting a literacy project. Together, the report and the list of activities demonstrate the strengths, successes, and diversity of activities being performed by our public libraries in the drive to reduce the rate of illiteracy in our country.

The LSCA Title VI program is administered by Ray M. Fry, Acting Director of the Library Development Staff; Carol Cameron and Barbara Humes, Program Officers; and Dianne Villines, Program Assistant

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PREFACE

In FY 1989, more libraries applied for grants under the Library Services and Construction Act, Title VI, Library Literacy Program (LSCA Title VI), than at any time since the program began in FY 1986. Five hundred and thirty-three State and local public libraries submitted proposals in competition for the \$4,730,000 grant funds. Two hundred and fourteen libraries in 47 states received funding. The grants, ranging in size from \$1,400 to the maximum amount of \$25,000, were awarded to 16 State libraries, and 198 local public libraries.

The grants were reviewed by a panel of 74 literacy experts representing local and State libraries, literacy councils, State departments of education, institutions of higher education, and private or other literacy efforts.

Library Literacy Program: Analysis of Funded Projects, 1989 is an examination of the types of projects funded in FY 1989. Section I of the book gives an overview of the funded activities.

Section II discusses major developments taking place among the LSCA Title VI projects and includes selected examples.

Section III examines the characteristics usually found among the FY 1989 project activities.

Section IV provides an exhaustive list of literacy activities culled from all of the projects.

Section V presents descriptions of each project. The projects are listed alphabetically by state, giving the name of the library, its location, the director's name, the funded amount, and the activity codes. Each of the projects has been reviewed and assigned codes corresponding to the activities listed in Section IV. Activity codes were assigned to each project if those activities were clearly stated in the proposal as objectives or key activities of the project and if they were supported by LSCA Title VI funds. The coded project activities give the reader an idea of the scope of each project. Conversely, if interested in a particular activity, such as computer-assisted instruction (F2), the reader can identify the libraries that have incorporated that activity in their projects by scanning the chart, state by state, for that particular code.

Section VI is an analysis of FY 1989 applications, grants, and project activities. It provides statistics on the applications received and funded, and analyzes state and local public library activities. Statistics cited in Section II and III refer to activities conducted by all FY 1989 LSCA Title VI grantees, while those in Section VI are separated into statistics on state library activities and on local public library activities.

SECTION I

OVERVIEW

The variety of literacy activities supported under the Library Literacy Program, Title VI of the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA Title VI), reflects the diversity of literacy needs in communities and states across the nation.

Many factors influence a library's choice of activities for a literacy project: the demographics of the target population, the economic base of the community, availability of literacy services, the nature of existing literacy or adult education services, and the availability of human and material literacy resources.

The activities common to a majority of the FY 1989 LSCA Title VI projects are those that establish or augment literacy collections, recruit students and tutors, and train tutors. Most libraries funded under the LSCA Title VI Library Literacy Program also provide office space for the administration of their literacy programs, as well as space for instruction, workshops, and training purposes. However, practically all activities necessary to run a literacy program can be funded under LSCA Title VI. For example, LSCA Title VI projects can focus on English as a second language instruction, coalition building, services to special or targeted populations, technology-assisted projects, special instructional components, intergenerational and family literacy activities, or employment oriented literacy services.

SECTION II

MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS

For FY 1989 LSCA Title VI projects, major developments are taking place in the areas of evaluation, family literacy, computer instruction, and special populations. Innovative programs in these areas are being tested and the number of libraries that are strengthening or incorporating these areas into their projects is increasing. These developments are discussed below.

Measurement, Assessment, and Evaluation

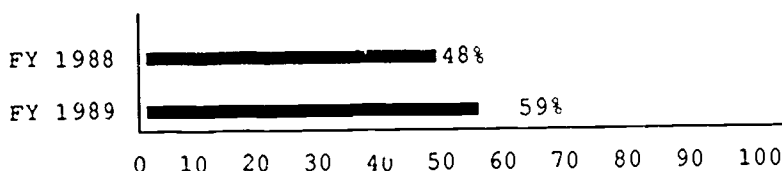


Figure 1: Percent of LSCA Title VI grantees using systematic methods

Fifty nine percent of the FY 1989 LSCA Title VI grantees (compared to 48 percent from FY 1988) are using systematic methods and measures to assess literacy needs, evaluate literacy materials or programs, or measure student progress. In this way literacy providers are collecting data that indicate the effectiveness of their activities. These data are used to guide literacy providers in determining if the goals of their projects are being met, and planning appropriate action.

Program evaluation is becoming a more critical component of literacy projects as more agencies and institutions want to know about the effectiveness of literacy programs. This is difficult as there is no consensus on how to evaluate literacy programs and there is some disagreement in the literacy field on how to measure a program's success. Among LSCA Title VI projects, most libraries depend on quantitative measures, such as number of students, tutors, instructional hours, and books acquired or circulated. However, an increasing number of projects are also measuring the progress of their students. This usually involves pre-tests when a student enters the literacy program and post-tests after a student has completed a designated number of hours of tutoring. This may be supplemented by collecting data on other factors, such as the number of hours each student is tutored, employment data, and demographic information. Almost half (47%) of the projects that are recruiting students also describe a plan to use some kind of standard measure to chart student progress for the duration of their enrollment in the literacy program.

The following examples show the range of measures and types of evaluations that are being performed by LSCA Title VI projects.

The Houston Public Library in Texas will evaluate its Parent Reading Program by measuring the effectiveness of its city-wide awareness campaign for the program. Six months after the campaign begins, and again at the end of the project period, the library will query a sample of library users. It will also use an oral questionnaire with parents who complete the program to determine whether they felt the program gave them better literacy skills and insight into early childhood education and development. Finally, from tutors' reports, the library will informally measure the reading level improvement of participating adults.

The students participating in the literacy program provided by the Southern Prairie Library System in Oklahoma will be pre-and post-tested to determine if there is an increase in their reading abilities. Tutors will complete monthly evaluation forms, indicating the number of hours spent tutoring and the progress of the students. Regular meetings with tutors and the literacy coordinator will be held to assess the progress of their students. Students will be asked periodically to evaluate the program. A followup of each student will be made 6 months after completion of the course to assess the impact of the program upon the student.

The Fort Berthold Reservation Library of the Three Affiliated Tribes in North Dakota will conduct two types of assessment for its literacy project. The first will consist of program monitoring to ensure that the project timeline is met. An evaluation team will design evaluation forms to be used by each of the Library Literacy Aides in the five communities on the reservation. The data compiled from the evaluation forms will reflect both individual community statistics and reservation-wide statistics. The second type of assessment will occur between the tutor and learning adult. In addition to a formal assessment of each adult learner's reading level, the learner will be asked to evaluate the tutoring. It is hoped that adults involved with their own measure of progress will be better motivated to continue the learning process.

To evaluate the effectiveness of its learner services, the Duluth Public Library in Minnesota will take a profile of adults using the library's computer learning center. Then, through computerized testing and assessments by instructors, students, and staff, the library will determine whether students are being accurately assessed, whether independent learning plans match the student's needs, and whether students are successfully completing levels of instruction. The library will also interview adults enrolled in the library literacy program, those adults no longer participating in any program, and those who are in another program. These data, combined with an examination of retention/attrition figures, will help identify barriers preventing students from enrolling or continuing in the program and conditions under which students move on to other goals.

The Wake County Public Library in North Carolina will purchase high interest/low vocabulary books for all 17 branch libraries for adults learning to read and write. The library will distribute survey forms to each of the branches so that they can compare circulation figures from the beginning of the project with those at the end of the project. The branch libraries will also determine which areas of their collection were most and least used. Together, the branches will assess collection use throughout the year at book selection meetings. The Wake County Public Library will also seek evaluation of the literacy collections from outside organizations concerned with literacy. A survey will be distributed to local agencies and literacy providers to determine their awareness, need and use of the collection; suggestions for improvement; and interest in promoting the literacy collection and community literacy programs.

Family Literacy

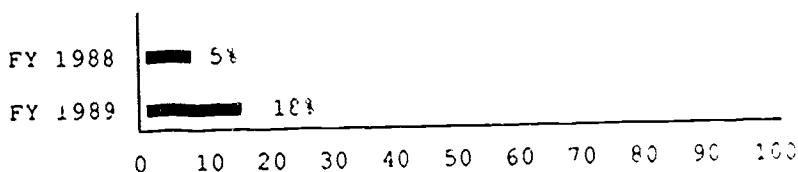


Figure 2: Percent of LSCA Title VI grantees with an intergenerational component

Intergenerational or family literacy projects that offer illiterate parents the opportunity to learn to read to their children have increased significantly with the FY 1989 LSCA Title VI projects. In FY 1988 only 5 percent of the projects had an intergenerational component. This year 18 percent of the projects provide literacy services for parents and their children.

For example, as the Huntington Beach Library in California continues its family literacy services, it will use LSCA Title VI funds to focus on a neighborhood with an almost homogeneous population of undeserved minority residents that potentially holds the largest concentration of the hard-to-reach 'hidden' illiterates in the city. The project is an on-site family oriented program aimed at teaching functionally illiterate parents to read to their children. Learners will be tutored in reading using materials that suit their interests and lifestyles as well as children's books that they will use with their children. Language experience stories, oral histories, and anecdotes elicited from the adult learners will be incorporated in reading material for the adults to use in their own learning as well as in their reading with the children. In addition to weekly private tutoring sessions, parents will attend monthly group meetings to discuss problems and progress with reading to their children. During these meetings, children will participate in a story-hour program in a separate room with the children's librarian.

The intergenerational literacy project at the Goshen Public Library in Indiana will involve family members in three ways: adults receive private tutoring, small group interaction, computer-assisted instruction, and guided library use; the library's Children's Services will provide computer-assisted instruction and will hold learning events for children including storytelling, puppet shows, games, and guided library use; and families will be tutored as a unit to guide them to use the learned behaviors, attitudes, interests, and thinking skills in interaction with one another. Participants in this project will be referred from schools, social service agencies, day care centers, places of employment, and other organizations with family contact. Home visits will be made to each referred family interested in the program. Learning packets containing such items as an inexpensive soft-cover book for each child, a "ticket" to a special welcoming event at the library, activity sheets for parent-child interaction, and a balloon and a pencil will be given to families during the home visit. During the library's welcoming event, appointments will be made with parents for an assessment of their skills, and they will be given a description of the options offered in the program. Families will set their own goals and will consult with project personnel to design the type and intensity of enrollment.

The Missoula Public Library in Montana will conduct three 12-week sessions of "Read To Me, Too" that provide tutoring for the parents and a story hour for their children. The project teaches parents to master the text of four children's books and one wordless picture book so that they can have immediate success in reading to their children. By having story hour sessions for the children while the parents are being tutored, the project provides the children with an immediate reading environment and creates the opportunity for the parent and child to have a literacy experience together. Attendance should be more feasible for many parents since they will not have to arrange for childcare while being tutored. After the 12-week course, parents will be encouraged to continue their literacy training through the library's regular literacy program. Volunteer tutors in this program will be given special training in how to teach parents to read to their children. Training will include tutoring methods, theory, emphasis on the uniqueness of the adult learner, goal setting, assessment and evaluation, children's books, storytime techniques, role playing, and practice.

The Trenton Public Library in New Jersey will work closely with six community agencies to identify and help illiterate or low literate parents improve their own and their children's reading skills. The library will work with the Head Start Program to reach young mothers of pre-school children, the Drop-Out Collaborative to reach parents of school-age children, referrals of young mothers needing basic skills from the Mercer County Community College, the Urban Women's Center, and the Austin Health Clinic; and the Times Newspaper to help teach parents ways to use the newspaper in encouraging their children to read.

Computer Instruction

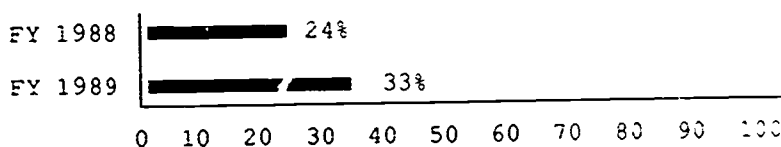


Figure 3: Percent of LSCA Title VI grantees providing computer-assisted instruction

Libraries continue to embrace computers as a teaching tool and for data management within their literacy projects. On third (33 percent) of the LSCA Title VI grantees are providing computer assisted instruction this year compared to 24 percent in FY 1988.

The Lawrence Public Library in Massachusetts is installing a fully equipped computer-assisted, literacy-oriented resource center with a fully trained support staff to provide literacy classes and on-going assistance to the target population. Students will participate in group classes alternating with individualized one-on-one tutoring and self-directed computer activities.

The Loussac Library, a member of the Anchorage Municipal Libraries in Alaska, will establish a computer-assisted adult literacy center and provide training for library staff and volunteers to manage and maintain the center once it is fully operational. An interim manager will coordinate the startup of the center by training staff and volunteers in the use and scheduling of the equipment; establishing policies and procedures for use of equipment and check-out of materials; coordinating promotion and marketing of the project; and preparing a training manual so the orientation and tutorial program can continue after the initial development stage. Consequently the center will become a permanent part of the Library's services, assisted by community volunteers.

The Grayson County Public Library in Leitchfield, Kentucky, will outfit its bookmobile with a computer, necessary furniture, and literacy software and adult new reader materials to reach poverty-stricken, adult non-readers in this rural, mountainous region. Tutoring by a volunteer will occur at each of the hour-long scheduled bookmobile stops.

Special Populations

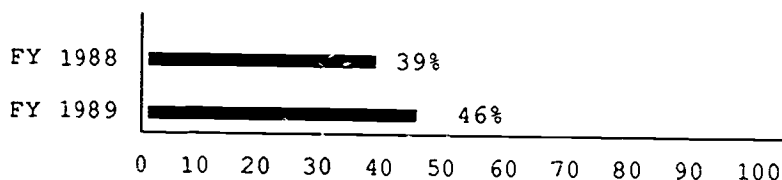


Figure 4: Percent of LSCA Title VI grantees providing services to special populations

Although general literacy services are the mainstay of most library literacy projects, more libraries are enhancing these regular services with services designed to accommodate special populations. For example, there are programs for the homeless, inmates of correctional institutions, underskilled members of the workforce, parents, mentally or physically impaired adults, adults with English as their second language, Native Americans, the elderly, migrant workers, rural dwellers, and the homebound. In FY 1988, 39 percent of the projects offered services to such targeted populations. This year, 46 percent of the projects directed services toward these special populations.

The population most frequently targeted is that of adults who speak English as a second language (ESL) (19 percent); followed by services for illiterate adults and their children (18 percent). Eleven percent of the projects provide literacy services for inmates of correctional institutions. Libraries providing services to physically and mentally impaired adults comprise 8 percent of the projects, and services for Indian tribes comprise 3 percent.

The Pilsen Branch and the Humboldt Branch of the Chicago Public Library in Illinois each have projects to serve adults who are not literate in English or in their native language. To move these adults towards English language proficiency, each of the libraries will develop strong ties locally, nationally and internationally with Hispanic agencies, literacy councils, and literacy providers. The Pilsen Branch will establish a Literacy Referral Hotline in Spanish and hold a conference for providers of native language and ESL literacy. The Humboldt Branch will develop a manual for recruiting and training peers as volunteer literacy tutors to provide native language literacy instruction to adults of that community. This branch will also select materials in five sub-collections to be available to all Chicago Public Library agencies and affiliate libraries: teacher development resources, basic English language-building tools, basic Spanish language-building tools, ESL materials in both print and non-print, and easy reading materials.

The Ocmulgee Regional Library in Eastman, Georgia, will provide literacy training to inmates at the local correctional institution for peer tutoring in cooperation with the Offender Rehabilitation program. The project will

include refresher courses for literate inmates, tutor workshops, and meetings each month for the inmate tutors.

In addition to establishing four Learning Center sites at four branch libraries, the Westwood Free Public Library in Westwood, New Jersey, is also responding to requests for onsite tutors from a group home for adults with physical disabilities and a group home for mildly retarded adults. A house director meets monthly with the tutors to discuss problems and teaching ideas. In addition, the library has a staff member proficient in sign language for the deaf, if needed.

In cooperation with the Indiana School for the Deaf, the Indiana State Library will train deaf and hearing volunteers to tutor deaf and hearing impaired adults in reading and English. Ten libraries in cities around the state will be selected as workshop sites. By the end of the project, both learners and tutors trained under the project will be integrated into local literacy programs and a state chapter of Friends of Libraries for Deaf Action will be established.

The Oglala Lakota College Learning Resources Center in Kyle, South Dakota, serves as the public library to residents of the Pine Ridge Indian reservation. Each of the nine communities located across the reservation has a literacy tutor who will recruit new participants into the library literacy program in each district. These nine tutors form the nucleus of a network for selecting, acquiring, and sharing materials particularly those with appropriate cultural context and reading levels. Several workshops will be held for tutors to share information on the most successful methods, materials, and activities for teaching reading to adult Native Americans.

The Salinas Public Library in California will expand its adult reading program to provide services at the local alcohol and drug rehabilitation center, the day shelter for the homeless, and the residence of prisoners preparing for re-entry in to society. In-service training will be provided by instructors with skills and experience with substance abusers.

SECTION III

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS

LSCA Title VI projects are designed to initiate, continue, expand, or improve literacy services. These projects share many characteristics which are grouped and discussed as follows: collaboration, cooperation, coalition building; public awareness; training; collection development; technology-assisted approaches; special instructional components; and employment-oriented projects. The degree to which these activities appear in the FY 1989 LSCA Title VI projects is compared in a chart at the end of this section on page 19.

Collaboration, Cooperation, Coalition Building

Two goals of the Library Literacy Program are to help libraries be more actively involved in literacy and to encourage cooperation among literacy providers in a community. Although all LSCA Title VI projects include some type of collaboration or coordination with other literacy providers in the community, 75 percent of these grantees describe a close working relationship with other parties. This ranges from keeping literacy organizations apprised of the project, soliciting volunteers and students from literacy organizations, and being a member of a literacy coalition, to conducting the project as a joint venture with another organization.

As the public becomes more aware of the negative impact of illiteracy on the community, businesses, civic organizations, social welfare agencies and individuals are becoming involved with efforts to provide adults with basic literacy skills. Meanwhile, public schools, community colleges and other institutions of higher education are developing a wider array of programs and services to meet the diverse needs of adults with inadequate literacy skills and to remove barriers to their learning. Libraries help facilitate involvement with and coordination of literacy activities among these various entities.

For example, the Texarkana Public Library in Texas will recruit tutors for its library literacy project through East Texas State University at Texarkana. The University offers a graduate course on the problems and needs of adult nonreaders and provides training in techniques for working with them. Tutoring adult nonreaders for a minimum of two hours each week is one of the course requirements.

The Literacy Council headquartered at the Buckley Public Library in Poteau, Oklahoma, has an advisory board made up of judges, lawyers, newspaper editors, ministers, and business people. The Council uses this committee to create a greater community awareness of the problem of illiteracy and to glean additional community support because of it. For example, county

judges will consider literacy testing and tutoring as an option for community service work for certain offenders.

The Kansas State Library literacy coordinator will plan and implement a Kansas Literacy Coalition to cooperate and coordinate with all state agencies providing adult education and social services with an interest in literacy services. In addition, the library will provide a toll-free statewide number for volunteer tutors and potential students seeking help or information.

The State Library of Pennsylvania will establish four library literacy coalitions in rural areas of the state to facilitate connections between literacy providers, business, labor, and social agencies. The State Library will assist public library directors to initiate local coalitions by training them in coalition building and community leadership. The project will also provide incentive grants and technical assistance to the local libraries to develop the new coalitions.

The Louisville Free Public Library in Kentucky will join with the local Board of Education and Job Club, Inc., a non-profit organization housed in a branch library that trains adults in job searching skills, to establish a center that provides basic math and reading classes to adults who are unemployed or functionally illiterate. As an incentive for students to stay in the classes, the city's transit authority will provide free transportation tickets.

Public Awareness

Most LSCA Title VI projects have designed activities to inform the public of the availability of literacy services or materials, to recruit students and tutors, or to promote awareness of the nature of illiteracy and its effects on the individual and society.

Printed promotional materials are most frequently used by FY 1989 grantees to convey information to the public. This may include newspaper advertisements or publicity releases, bookmarks, posters, flyers, envelope inserts, and imprinted paper placemats and grocery bags. Some libraries also are involved in publishing literacy newsletters which are circulated to many local public agencies, non-profit organizations, and businesses.

The next most popular method of raising public awareness of literacy and literacy services is through non-print media such as video and radio. This may include public service announcements, locally produced video promotionals, or portable slide shows used at fairs, malls, or waiting rooms.

Some libraries produce public awareness materials in more than one language, and some libraries choose to heighten public awareness through more personal interactive methods such as word-of-mouth from students to prospective students or speaking engagements to community groups.

The Library Cooperative of Macomb in Mt. Clemens, Michigan, will commission a study on the social and economic impact of improved literacy skills on a target group of individuals receiving literacy tutorial instruction. The Library will disseminate the results of the data collected to increase community awareness of the problems of illiteracy and the available solutions. A report will be presented to the general public on the findings of the research study and an article will be prepared for professional publication.

The Napa City-County Library in California will involve students and tutors in its publicity efforts to recruit learners and tutors and to publicize training sessions. Current adult learners and tutors will tape radio public service announcements and will staff information and recruitment booths at all local fairs.

The Menlo Park Public Library in California will recruit non-English speaking adult learners from social service agencies, businesses, minority neighborhoods, and churches through flyers and brochures in target languages including Spanish, Chinese, Vietnamese, Laotian, Thai, and Farsi.

In order to promote life-long reading and library use, the Arlington Heights Memorial Library in Illinois will encourage adult literacy students to participate in the library's community-wide summer reading program. As a culminating publicity event, the library will stage a read-a-thon and participants will collect pledges for their reading time. Area businesses will be asked to donate prizes. Another activity sponsored by the library, the Cultural Arts Fair, will give adult learners an opportunity to share their talents with the community and use their newly acquired library research skills. With the help of their tutors and library staff, students will locate and use library resources and prepare a presentation for the fair that demonstrates various arts such as painting, cooking, sewing, and dance especially related to other cultures.

The West Branch of the Dallas Public Library, in Texas, located in a high crime and heavy industry area, has half of the city's literacy students on a waiting list for tutoring, but has trouble getting tutors to come to this branch. The library will hire a coordinator to work with community agencies to recruit tutors from within the community, and will contract with a public relations agency for a comprehensive marketing program to both advertise the literacy program and improve the image of the branch to encourage the participation of tutors from outside the community. The library will also provide computers as a resource for self-study until a tutor can be assigned.

Training

Over 79 percent of the LSCA Title VI library literacy projects use their funds to establish or increase the number of training workshops during the

year. Training may consist of training volunteers to provide instruction to adult new learners, training individuals to teach others to be tutors, or training librarians to provide services to adult new learners.

Sixty-seven percent of all of the FY 1989 projects are training tutors or providing them with in-service workshops; 23 percent are providing either orientation or project training for library staff; and 8 percent have a component for training individuals to be tutor trainers.

Recognizing that local volunteer leaders differ greatly in their ability to meet the challenges of the demand for literacy services, the West Virginia Library Commission will make leadership development training available to volunteer literacy organizations in counties that have not previously had access to State Library sponsored workshops. This training will consist of a three-part in-service program in board development, resource development, and community relations using videotape training materials that each county library will make a part of its permanent collection. A survey questionnaire will be used to tailor the in-service workshops to each county's special needs.

Based on the findings of a recent statewide survey of New Mexico librarians, the New Mexico State Library will sponsor a 4-day training conference with the New Mexico Coalition for Literacy. The conference will be in two parts. The first 2 days will be a pre-conference of tutor training. The last 2 days will provide attendees with a variety of instructional workshops, hands-on training experiences, and the opportunity to hear nationally known speakers. A video showcase will run continuously so that conference participants can view literacy and reading programs as their schedules permit.

In addition to recruiting and training volunteer tutors, the Jackson County Public Library in Marianna, Florida, will provide at least two in-service training workshops for project staff, VISTA personnel, and trained volunteer tutors, and will identify and train additional volunteer tutors to be workshop leaders and program managers.

Collection Development

The demand for more and better library literacy materials increases as community members become more involved in providing and receiving literacy services. As more students are recruited, more materials have to be added to library collections; with increased use of literacy materials, more materials have to be replaced; as innovative methods of adult instruction are introduced, new materials have to be evaluated and selected.

To keep pace with these developments, librarians and literacy providers must constantly monitor their collections to see which items are most popular and effective. They also must be informed of new literacy resources and be able to select items suitable for the students, appropriate

for the learning site, and adaptable to available educational technology.

Seventy-eight percent of the FY 1989 grantees are using LSCA Title VI funds to acquire literacy collections for their libraries, to expand and improve existing collections, or to develop their own non-commercially produced materials. This includes both print materials and software.

The Keene Public Library in New Hampshire will acquire additional resources and services for four new literacy resource centers and three new computer assisted instruction sites for adults in the county who need and want help with basic literacy skills. Literacy staff from five county libraries, the county nursing home, and the adult tutorial program office will be familiarized with the Keene Public Library because it is a model site with a collection of print and non-print literacy materials and a computer-assisted instructional program. Training and assistance will be provided on evaluating materials, using the collection, and establishing services.

The Loudoun County Public Library, in Leesburg, Virginia, working with local literacy groups, will acquire and catalog materials for tutors; high-interest, low-reading level materials, read-along books on cassette, computer software, and bilingual materials; videotapes for both literacy and ESL training; and informational films on literacy in the United States. To ascertain effectiveness of publicity regarding literacy services and the library collection, the library will develop and administer a written survey to library patrons at the beginning and end of the project year to determine awareness of the county's literacy problem and available literacy services. The library will also monitor frequency of use of the new literacy materials.

The Free Library of Philadelphia in Pennsylvania will conduct an exhaustive search and review of all English as a second language (ESL) adult literacy instructional materials developed by ESL practitioners. A library researcher and an ESL adult educator will investigate the U.S. Department of Education's Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC) database, other LSCA Title VI projects; projects funded under the federal Adult Education Act; and local, regional, and national ESL programs. The library will adapt or adopt the best of these materials for use in the library's Reader Development Program collection. The results of this project will be compiled in an annotated bibliography.

The Sto-Rox Free Lending Library in McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania, will evaluate their present collection of adult literacy materials to determine which texts and instructional materials are most popular and useful. Evaluation will include a title-by-title investigation to calculate and document how often books are checked out. New and replacement materials will be selected after studying catalogs, consulting with the literacy program's reading specialist and instructors, and considering requests by students and tutors. New items will be presented, discussed and demonstrated at staff, tutor, and student meetings.

The Charlotte/Mecklenburg County Public Library in Charlotte, North Carolina will provide a collection of adult basic reading materials in the main library and in 15 branch libraries. Deposit collections of these materials will be available to each adult literacy program in the area as well as to library outreach sites such as housing authority sites, homeless shelters, and minimum security institutions. The materials selected will focus on job and career education, citizenship, computers, writing, grammar, communications skills, mathematics, health care, wellness, diet and nutrition, family economics, consumer skills, parenting, and safety. Every resident of the county enrolled in any adult literacy program will be issued a library card and given an introductory tour and orientation of library materials and facilities. An extensive public awareness campaign will be developed by the library to promote the use of these newly added materials.

Technology-Assisted Approaches

Forty-three percent of all FY 1989 LSCA Title VI grantees will use some kind of electronic media in their instructional program such as audio cassettes, film, video, and computer software. The use of audiovisual materials offers another means by which adults can improve their reading, writing, and computational skills. Technologically assisted instruction is usually added to supplement the commonly used one-on-one tutorial and workbook approach in LSCA Title VI projects.

The Jefferson County Public Library in Monticello, Florida, will enhance its computer-assisted learning lab by adding a hypermedia compact disk system. This technology uses optical discs that store sound, printed text, still photographs, and motion picture clips for replay on video screens. Users can move easily from subject to subject without an index. The student chooses the direction the information takes. Sound can be employed so letters, words and sentences can be heard and seen, enabling the student to learn to read using the same method employed in the basic one-on-one tutorials.

The Russell Public Library located in rural Kansas will develop media-based literacy instruction to reach functionally illiterate individuals and to stimulate family reading. The local television station will produce a family reading workshop program to air four times a year. The radio will air weekly readings of high-interest, low-reading level materials selected from the library, while the local newspaper will run a five-part series on how to use the newspaper to help someone learn to read.

The Wakulla County Public Library in Crawfordville, Florida, will generate multiple sets of read-along resource materials on topics of local interest. Topics may include voting rights and responsibilities, environmental issues in the county, functions of county offices, historical background of the county, and social services available to county residents. After submitting

samples of their work, skilled volunteers from the community will be selected to write the material, edit the material, and provide oral delivery of the material on audio tape.

The Weslaco Public Library in Texas will select tutors to be trained to instruct ESL students in the use of a computer-assisted program that uses a voice synthesizer. This will enable the students to work by themselves to supplement and augment their sessions with a tutor. Also, as part of an effort to help students overcome reluctance to practice their new-found reading skills, the library will videotape an orientation to the library in both English and Spanish that describes library facilities, routine functions, services, and staff.

Special Instructional Components

Most of the literacy instruction offered by the LSCA Title VI projects is one-to-one instruction using volunteer tutors. Many literacy projects are making use of the teaching methods and materials developed by several nationally recognized nonprofit literacy organizations. However, some projects are combining a variety of methods to tailor teaching to the needs of their students.

Other projects are developing new literacy services because they discovered a need to provide more than general literacy services and tutoring in basic skills. Libraries add new literacy services as the project grows, the staff gains expertise, and new needs in the community become apparent.

Two projects in Louisiana, the St. Martin Parish Library in St. Martinsville, and the Iberia Parish Library in New Iberia, will administer reading style diagnostic tests to new students to identify the students' learning styles. The results will be used to develop specific reading strategies, materials, and methods best suited to the students' learning styles. The libraries will examine the effectiveness of their approaches through the collection of quantitative and qualitative data.

Two projects in Massachusetts, at the Boston Public Library and the Brookline Public Library, will publish and disseminate the written work of students by collaborating with Adult Basic Education (ABE) teachers and literacy students to provide writing instruction and editorial assistance and to involve students in the use of library resources. The Boston Public Library is working with the adult services librarians at three community libraries to select teachers and students from adult basic education and ESL classes to participate in their project. The goal is to develop a publication of students' writings from each community. The Brookline Public Library, in cooperation with the Adult Literacy Resource Institute, will publish and distribute a high quality periodic journal produced by students in their programs. Through a series of workshops, seminars and conferences, the program encourages integrating writing in adult literacy curricula.

The Elinwood School Community Library in Ellinwood, Kansas, will collaborate with the local community college library to develop a comprehensive math assessment program and a "math partner" model of one-on-one instruction. A general math educational plan will be developed for each student. The college will present in-service programs to librarians and volunteers to acquaint them with tutoring methods and teaching strategies. The college and public library staff will develop program curricula and select appropriate materials.

The South San Francisco Public Library in California will design and implement a model of volunteer tutor training using the teaching technologies of integrated learning and whole language approach. Tutors also will be recruited to work with dyslexic students using the Auditory Discrimination in Depth method of teaching reading. The key component of this method is the addition of sensory-motor feedback to the reading conceptualization process because many adult learners have auditory perception problems.

A reading discussion club for adult readers at 3rd- and 4th-grade reading levels will continue to be offered as part of the Sterling Municipal Library literacy program in Baytown, Texas. The group meets monthly to discuss a pre-assigned book. Self-expression, sequence of detail, main idea, and vocabulary are incorporated in the discussion. A trained tutor serves as discussion leader and prepares worksheets to assist the participants.

Employment-Oriented Projects

As in previous years of the LSCA Title VI program, very few projects have workplace or employment-oriented literacy as their primary focus. Thirty-seven percent of all the projects address this issue to some degree, 9 percent have workplace or employment projects as their sole focus.

A company's performance can be improved by upgrading the work related skills of employees. The Milwaukee Public Library in Wisconsin will address the literacy needs of employees of the county and city governments. The library will work with department supervisors to further their understanding of illiteracy, to help them determine the literacy needs of their staff, to educate targeted individuals on the merits of improving their literacy skills, and to refer these individuals to established literacy programs in the community. The library will develop an employee booklet, supervisor's guide, and a videotape for use in departmental literacy programs. An analysis will determine the feasibility of incorporating literacy information and referral in the government agencies' employee orientation and supervisor training programs.

In order to help the local Chamber of Commerce attract new industry, the Ponca City Public Library in Oklahoma will develop and conduct a workplace literacy needs assessment of current businesses. Results will strengthen its adult literacy program and will help prospective employers

develop qualified workers. The library and literacy council will work with representatives of retail, industrial, and service employers to draft a survey. Employers identifying a need for a literacy program will provide workplace materials to be used in the instruction and will refer non-literate employees to the literacy program.

The Onondaga County Public Library in Syracuse, New York, will sensitize the business community to the need for literacy education, identify on an individual company basis some options best suited to meet its workforce needs, provide ideas and practical advice to employers to get their employees into literacy services, and match individual employee interests and needs with library resources.

Describing itself as being located in the nation's "deindustrializing rustbelt," the Hammond Public Library in Indiana, is aiming its project at low-skilled and educationally disadvantaged workers dropping out of the job market or seeking other job opportunities due to plant closings and cutbacks. Adult educators, union counselors, tutors, economic planners, library staff, and an adult literacy and technology consultant will combine their resources to improve the reading skills of selected groups of dislocated factory workers. Software and equipment appropriate to meet the workers' needs will be provided at four library locations. Tutors, union counselors, and library staff will be trained to carry out interlocking facets of the learning laboratory program.

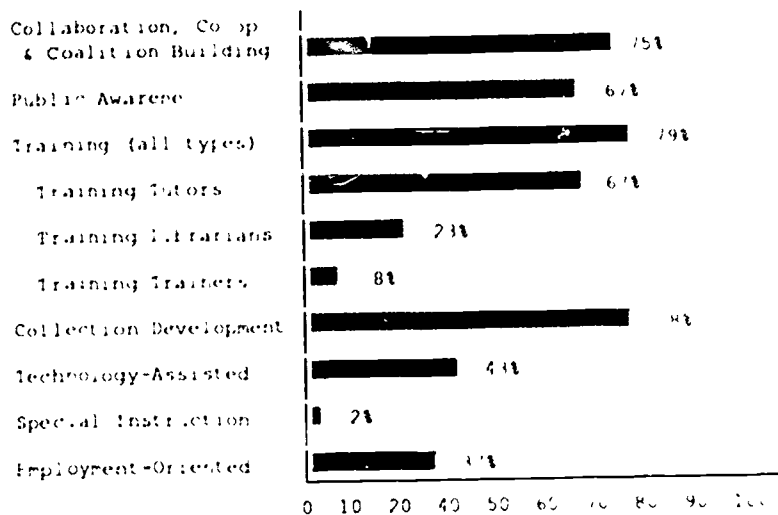


Figure 5: Percent of activities of all projects, grouped by common characteristics discussed in Section III

SECTION IV

LIST OF ACTIVITIES FY 1989 PROJECTS

A. Students and Tutors

- A1. Recruiting students and tutors
- A2. Matching tutors and students
- A3. Tutoring students
- A4. Maintaining student/tutor records
- A5. Providing tutor recognition
- A6. Providing tutor retention activities
- A7. Providing student recognition
- A8. Providing student retention activities

B. Training

- B1. Training tutors
- B2. Training ESL tutors
- B3. Training tutor trainers
- B4. Training librarians or volunteers in conducting literacy projects
- B5. Orienting library staff to literacy methods, materials, and students
- B6. Providing training materials for tutors, librarians
- B7. Providing inservice workshops for tutors/volunteers/coordinators

C. Literacy Resources

- C1. Developing a training/planning manual
- C2. Developing a curriculum guide/materials

C3. Developing a resource directory of available literacy services

C4. Publishing bibliographies of collections

D. Literacy Materials

D1. Selecting and acquiring appropriate print and nonprint instructional literacy materials for literacy collection

D2. Selecting and acquiring appropriate print and nonprint literacy materials for recreational reading for literacy collection

D3. Developing student-produced literacy materials

D4. Developing culturally relevant literacy materials

D5. Developing locally-produced literacy materials

D6. Processing literacy materials

D7. Circulating materials and collections for public use

D8. Field testing instructional materials

D9. Providing workbooks for personal use by students

E. Specialized Instruction

E1. Orienting students to library usage

E2. Field testing instructional methods

E3. Providing a speech or oral communication component

E4. Providing a writing improvement component

E5. Providing a math skills component

E6. Providing a reading comprehension component

E7. Providing a book discussion component

E8. Providing a life-skills component (job skills, coping skills, etc.)

E9. Providing a citizenship component

- E10. Utilizing high school students as tutors
- E11. Utilizing former literacy students as tutors
- E12. Utilizing university students as tutors or to assist literacy program development
- E13. Providing a GED preparatory component

F. Technology

- F1. Equipping an adult literacy resource center with print materials; audiovisual materials and/or equipment; computer hardware and/or software
- F2. Providing computer-assisted instruction
- F3. Building computerized data files (mailing lists, student/tutor matching and tracking, annotated bibliographies)
- F4. Providing literacy instruction via cable television

G. Targeted Populations

- G1. Providing literacy services for the homeless
- G2. Providing literacy services for Indian tribes
- G3. Providing literacy services for the learning disabled
- G4. Providing literacy services to "hard to reach" populations
- G5. Providing literacy services for the visually impaired
- G6. Providing literacy services for the hearing impaired
- G7. Providing literacy services for inmates of correctional institutions
- G8. Providing literacy services for adults who speak English as a second language
- G9. Providing workplace literacy services

- G10. Offering intergenerational activities for illiterate adults and their children
- G11. Providing literacy services to mentally disabled adults
- G12. Providing literacy services to older Americans
- G13. Providing literacy services to migrant workers
- G14. Providing literacy services to rural areas
- G15. Providing literacy services to the homebound

H. Coalition Building and Interagency Cooperation

- H1. Facilitating involvement of community leaders with the literacy effort
- H2. Establishing literacy councils or consortia
- H3. Serving as literacy council members, and/or officers
- H4. Coordinating literacy activities among state or local literacy councils or other literacy providers
- H5. Coordinating literacy activities among community agencies (businesses, service agencies, governments, churches)
- H6. Coordinating literacy activities with public schools
- H7. Coordinating services with ABE programs
- H8. Coordinating services with PLUS task forces
- H9. Coordinating literacy activities with community colleges or other institutes of higher education
- H10. Stimulating other libraries to get involved in literacy activities

I. Public Awareness

- I1. Developing printed promotional materials
- I2. Producing video programs and/or public service announcements

- I3. Providing public awareness materials/announcements in more than one language
- I4. Publishing literacy newsletters
- I5. Making public speeches to community groups
- I6. Serving as a clearinghouse for information dissemination and referral services
- I7. Providing public seminars or presentations on literacy or related topics
- I8. Sponsoring Literacy Day, Week, or Month

J. Evaluation

- J1. Assessing literacy needs of the community
- J2. Assessing literacy needs of students
- J3. Evaluating literacy materials
- J4. Evaluating literacy programs
- J5. Measuring student progress

K. General Services

- K1. Headquartering the literacy project in the library
- K2. Providing library space for instruction, workshops, training
- K3. Providing and maintaining office space and equipment
- K4. Providing clerical assistance for literacy program management
- K5. Providing childcare services for adult literacy students
- K6. Providing transportation services for literacy students
- K7. Establishing a model or pilot project

SECTION V

PROJECT ACTIVITIES BY STATE AND LIBRARY

LIBRARY/LOCATION/DIRECTOR FUNDING ACTIVITIES

ALABAMA

Selma-Dallas County Public Library \$23,426 A3, D1, D2, F1, G10,
Selma, AL 36701 G14, G15, J5, K5, K6
Director: Becky Nichols
(205) 875-3536

ALASKA

Anchorage Municipal Libraries \$23,345 B1, B4, C1, D1,
Anchorage, AK 99503 D7, F1, F2, K2
See page 7.
Director: Chrystal Jeter
(907) 261-2840

Fairbanks North Star Borough Lib. \$25,000 A1, A5, B1, B3, D1, D2,
Fairbanks, AK 99701 H4, I1, I3, I7, K2
Director: Michael Herman
(907) 452-5177

ARIZONA

Camp Verde Public Library \$13,500 A1, A2, A4, B1, B7, D1,
Camp Verde, AZ 86322 D2, H7, I1, I4, J5, K1,
Director: David Maynard K2, K3
(602) 567-6631

Casa Grande City Library \$25,000 A5, B1, B5, B6, D1, D2,
Casa Grande, AZ 85222 D7, H4, H5, H7, H9, H10
Director: David Snider
(602) 421-8690

Flagstaff City Coconino \$9,000 D1, D2, E8, G2
County Public Library
Flagstaff, AZ 86001
Director: Kay Whitaker
(602) 779-7670

ARKANSAS

Arkansas State Library
Little Rock, AR 72201-1081
Director: John A. Murphey
(501) 682-1526

S24,488 F1, F2, G7, H4, J5

Stuttgart & North Arkansas
County Public Library
Stuttgart, AR 72160
Director: Ted Campbell
(501) 673-1966

S25,000 A1, B1, B6, D1, D2, F2,
G9, G14, H4, I1, I2, I4,
I5, I6, K2, K3

CALIFORNIA

Bruggemeyer Memorial Library
Monterey Park, CA 91754
Director: Rebecca Calman
(818) 307-1251

S23,328 A1, A2, A3, B2, D1, G8,
H1, J5

Contra Costa County Library
Pleasant Hill, CA 94523
Director: Rose Marie Kennedy
(415) 646-6421

S23,743 A6, A8, D1, D9, G7, I2

Contra Costa County Library
Pleasant Hill, CA 94523
Director: Rose Marie Kennedy
(415) 646-6421

S23,743 A1, A2, A3, A6, A8, B1,
D1, D9, G7, J5, K4

Huntington Beach Library
Huntington Beach, CA 92648
See page 5.
Director: Anne Schwartz
(714) 841-3773

S18,684 A1, A2, A3, A4, A8, B1,
B2, B6, D1, D2, D7, D9,
E1, E8, G4, G8, G10, H5,
H6, J2, K2

Livermore Public Library
Livermore, CA 94550
Director: Susan R. Gallinger
(415) 447-0200

S24,006 A1, A2, B1, B2, D1, D2,
F2, G8, H6, I2, I5, K2

Madera County Library
Madera, CA 93637
Director: Jeannine Semrau
(209) 675-7871

S24,863 A5, B1, D1, D2, D6, H1,
H2, I1, I4, I5, I6

Marin County Free Library
San Rafael, CA 94903
Director: Phillip MacDonald
(415) 499-7473

\$16,030 A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B5,
B6, D9, F2, G8, G14, I3,
J5, K2, K3

Menlo Park Public Library
Menlo Park, CA 94025
See page 13.
Director: Judith Wilczak

\$24,138 A1, A2, A3, A4, B2, D2,
D9, F1, G8, I1, I3, J5,
K2, K3

Napa City-County Library
Napa, CA 94559
See page 13.
Director: Frances M. Williams
(707) 253-4283

\$25,000 A1, A2, A4, A6, A8, B1,
B6, B7, D1, F2, G8, H7,
H9, I1, I2, I4, I5, J4,
K4

Oakland Public Library
Oakland, CA 94612
Director: Christine Saed
(415) 273-3432

\$24,989 A1, A2, B1, B3, H10, I4,
J4, K2

Riverside Public Library
Riverside, CA 92502
Director: Elaine Tregenza
(714) 688-9302

\$25,000 A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, B7,
D1, D2, D9, H1, H7, I1,
I2, J5, K2

Salinas Public Library
Salinas, CA 93901
See page 9.
Director: Kary Shender
(408) 758-7340

\$23,700 A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, B7,
D1, D2, G1, G4, G7, G8,
H5, I3, J4, J5, K4

San Bernardino Public Library
San Bernardino, CA 92404
Director: Mary Chartier
(714) 887-4494

\$24,830 A1, A3, F1, F2, H5, H7,
H8, I2, I3, J4, J5, K1,
K7

San Mateo Public Library
San Mateo, CA 94403
Director: Maura Okamoto
(415) 341-3425

\$24,630 A1, A2, A3, B2, D1, D9,
G8, H7, J4, K2, K3

Santa Ana Public Library
Santa Ana, CA 92701
Director: Sandra Newkirt
(714) 554-3455

\$25,000 A1, A2, A3, B1, B4, B5,
B7, D1, D2, F1, H1, H2,
I1, I5, J5

South San Francisco Public Library \$25,000 A1, A3, B1, B6, B7, E2,
 South San Francisco, CA 94080 E6, G3, J4, K1, K7
See page 18.
 Director: Leslie Shelton
 (415) 877-5329

COLORADO

Archuleta County Library \$25,000 A7, A8, B1, B7, D1, D9,
 Pagosa Springs, CO 81147 E6, F2, H4, I4, I5,
 Director: Virginia Swartz
 (303) 264-2835

Colorado Department of Education, \$24,860 B1, B2, B6, B7, C2, G8,
 State Library H10, J1, J4
 Denver, CO 80203
 Director: Mary Willoughby
 (303) 866-6743

Durango Public Library \$23,652 A1, A3, A5, B1, D1, D2,
 Durango, CO 81301 D6, D9, G14, H2, H3, I1,
 Director: Daniel Brassell I2, K3
 (303) 247-2492

Fort Collins Public Library \$23,298 A1, A3, B1, B2, B7, E8,
 Fort Collins, CO 80524 G1, G10, H3, H4
 Director: Jane Davis
 (303) 221-6740

Fort Collins Public Library \$25,000 B1, D1, D2, D6, D7, E6,
 Fort Collins, CO 80524 E8, H1, H10, I4, I5, I8,
 Director: Sally Robinson K1, K2
 (303) 221-6740

Mesa County Public Library \$25,000 A1, A3, B1, B7, D9, E8,
 Grand Junction, CO 81502 G9, H5, H7, H9, I1, I2,
 Director: Carol LaDuke I4, I6, K1, K3, K4
 (303) 245-5522

Pikes Peak Library District \$25,000 D1, D2, D6, D7
 Colorado Springs, CO 80901
 Director: Debbra Buerkle
 (719) 531-6333

Westminster Public Library \$15,000 A1, A2, A3, D1, D2, H,
 Westminster, CO 80030 K2, K3
 Director: Mark Anderson
 (303) 429-8311

Woodland Park Public Library
Woodland Park, CO 80863
Director: Marorie Carlson
(719) 687-9457

S10,486 A1, A2, A6, B1, B3, D6,
D7, G14, H1, H2, H4,
I1, I2, I4, I5, K3

CONNECTICUT

Bugbee Memorial Library
Danielson, CT 06239
Director: Marie Chartier
(203) 774-9429

S23,102 A1, A2, A3, A4, A8, B1,
B4, F2, G4, G14, H3,
H4, H5, H7, I1, I1, I5,
J2, J5, K1, K2, K3

Otis Library
Norwich, CT 06360
Director: Paul Price
(203) 886-0177

S25,000 A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, B5,
C4, D1, D2, D7, G8, H2,
H3, H4, H5, I1, I2, I5,
J2, J5, K1, K2, K3

DELAWARE

Wilmington Institute Library
Wilmington, DE 19801
Director: Carmen Knox
(302) 658-5624

S25,000 A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, B1,
B7, I1, I4, I5, J5, K3

FLORIDA

Bay County Public Library Assn.
Panama City, FL 32402
Director: Sandra Pierce
(904) 769-4131

S18,500 A1, A2, A3 B1, D1, D2,
K2, K3

Calhoun County Public Library Sys.
Blountstown, FL 32424
Director: Rita Maupin
(904) 674-8773

S25,000 A1, A2, B1, B4, B7, D1,
D2, H1, H2, H5, H7, I1,
I2, I5

Central Florida Regional Library
Ocala, FL 32671
Director: Robert Lipscomb
(904) 629-8429

S22,204 A1, A3, B4, D1, F2, K2

Holmes County Public Library
Bonifay, FL 32425
Director: Margaret Berry
(904) 547-3573

S25,000 A1, A2, A4, B1, B3, B4,
B6, B7, D1, D2, G10, H1,
H2, H4, H5, H6, H7, I1,
I4, K3, K4

Jackson County Public Library Marianna, FL 32446 <i>See page 14.</i> Director: Beverly McFarland (904) 482-2415	\$25,000	A1, A2, B1, B3, B4, B7, D1, D2, D6, G10, G14, H4, H5, I1, I2
Jefferson County Public Library Monticello, FL 32344 <i>See page 16.</i> Director: Cheryl Turner (904) 997-3712	\$25,000	A1, B1, B7, F2, I1, I2, I4, K5, K6
Suwannee River Regional Library Live Oak, FL 32060 Director: John Hayes (904) 362-5779	\$23,975	A1, A2, A3, B1, B7, D1, D2, D6, D7, F1, G10, H1, H5, I5
Wakulla County Public Library Crawfordville, FL 32327 <i>See page 16.</i> Director: Doug Jones (904) 926-7415	\$22,446	A1, A2, A3, A6, B3, B5, B6, B7, D1, D2, D5, F2, G9, H7, I1, I4, I7, K2, K3
GEORGIA		
Atlanta-Fulton Public Library Atlanta, GA 30303 Director: Sylvia Cordell (404) 730-1700	\$25,000	D1, D2
DeKalb Rockdale-Newton Library Decatur, GA 30032 Director: Barbara Loar (404) 294-6641	\$25,000	B6, D1, D2, D6, G7, H10, I1, K2
Dougherty County Public Library Albany, GA 31701 Director: Claire Miller (912) 431-2900	\$3,350	D1, F2, J5
Lake Blackshear Regional Library Americus, GA 31709 Director: Frances Scarer (912) 924-8091	\$19,850	A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B6, H5, I1, I2, I5, K1, K2, K3
Ocmulgee Regional Library Eastman, GA 31023 <i>See page 8.</i> Director: Sister Lucy Comer (912) 374-4111	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, D1, D2, D7, G7, G10, G14, H5, H7, H10, I1, I2, J2, J3, K1, K2, K3, K4

Sara Hightower Regional Library Rome, GA 30161 Director: Carroll Maloof (404) 236-4617	\$24,353	B6, E1, F1, F2, H7, K1, K2, K3
Tifton-Tift County Public Library Tifton, GA 31794 Director: Norris Wootton (912) 382-2448	\$23,568	A1, B1, B6, D1, D2, D7, F1, G8, H7, I3

IDAHO

Twin Falls Public Library Twin Falls, ID 83301 Director: Linda Parkinson (208) 733-2964	\$24,288	B5, D1, D2, D6, F1, F2, I1, I6
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ILLINOIS

Arlington Heights Memorial Library Arlington Heights, IL 60004 <i>See page 13.</i> Director: William Galloway (312) 392-0100	\$24,696	A1, A3, B1, B5, C4, D1, D2, D7, E1, E6, F2, G10, G12, H7, H9, H10, I1, I2, I4, I6, I8, K1, K2
Bridgeview Public Library Bridgeview, IL 60455 Director: Elsie Mikrut (312) 458-2880	\$11,951	A1, B1, D6, H8, H9, I1, I2, J4, J5, K4
Centralia Public Library Centralia, IL 62801 Director: Miles Fletcher (618) 532-5222	\$25,000	A4, B1, B5, F1, F2, H7, H9, K2
Chicago Public Library Bezazian Branch Chicago, IL 60640 Director: Susan Harrington (312) 561-1864	\$25,000	B5, C4, D1, D2, D6, D7, F2, G8, H7, H9, I1
Chicago Public Library Humboldt Branch Chicago, IL 60647 <i>See page 8.</i> Director: Kristin Lipkowski (312) 486-2244	\$25,000	C1, C4, D1, D2, D6, D7, G8, H5, H7, H9, I6, J3 K1, K2

Chicago Public Library Pilsen Branch Chicago, IL 60608 <i>See page 8.</i> Director: Christina Vital (312) 829-3124	\$25,000	G8, H4, I7, K3
Chicago Public Library Toman Branch Chicago, IL 60623 Director: Maribel Pelayo (312) 521-8114	\$25,000	D1, D2, D6, D7, F1, G8, H4, H5, I3, I7
Lincoln Library Springfield, IL 62701 Director: Denise Kaplan (217) 753-4988	\$12,170	F1, F2
St. Charles Public Library District St. Charles, IL 60174 Director: Thomas England (312) 584-0076	\$15,000	A1, A6, A7, A8, B1, B2, B7, D1, D2, G7, G8, G9, H9, I1, I4, I5, I8, I5, K1, K3, K4

INDIANA

Anderson City Public Library Anderson, IN 46016 Director: Donna Cumberland (317) 641-2462	\$24,843	A1, A3, A6, A8, B2, D1, D2, D6, D7, E7, G8, G9, H5, H7, I1, I5, I7, K1, K2, K4
Goshen Public Library Goshen, IN 46526 <i>See page 5.</i> Director: Mary Ann Hunsberger (219) 533-9531	\$24,525	A1, A3, A8, B1, B5, D1, D2, D9, E1, E6, E8, F1, F2, G10, I1, K2
Hammond Public Library Hammond, IN 46320 <i>See page 19.</i> Director: Arthur Meyers (219) 931-5102	\$24,698	A1, A3, B7, D1, E1, F1, F2, G9, H1, H7 J1, J4, J5, K2
Indiana State Library Indianapolis, IN 46204 <i>See page 9.</i> Director: Suzannah Walker (317) 232-3717	\$23,020	A1, A2, A6, A8, B1, B3, G6, J4

Jennings County Public Library
North Vernon, IN 47265
Director: Larry Cunningham
(812) 346-2091

\$20,450 B1, B6, B7, D1, D2, F1,
F2, K2, K3

Lake County Public Library
Merrillville, IN 46410
Director: Carol Derner
(219) 769-3541

\$24,933 A1, A2, A6, B1, B5, B6,
B7, D1, D6, I1, K2, K4

Lowell Public Library
Lowell, IN 46356
Director: Judith Vamos
(219) 696-7704

\$24,872 A1, A2, B1, B3, D1, F2,
G13, G14, H7, I1, I2,
I4, K2, K3

Shelbyville-Shelby County
Public Library
Shelbyville, IN 46176
Director: Ann Short
(317) 398-7121

\$24,561 A1, A6, B1, B6, B7 D1,
D2, H4, H7, I1, I2, I4,
I5, J4

Wayne Township Public Library
Richmond, IN 47374
Director: Carol Smyth
(317) 966-8291

\$24,565 A1, A2, A6, A8, B1, D1,
D6, F1, F2, I1, I2, I4,
I8

IOWA

Des Moines Public Library
Des Moines, IA 50308
Director: Elaine Estes
(515) 283-4152

\$25,000 A1, A2, A3, B1, B5, B7,
D1, D2, D7, D9, E1,
G10, G14, H9, I1, I5,
J4

KANSAS

Downs Carnegie Library
Downs, KS 67437
Director: Joan Garey
(913) 454-3735

\$20,000 B6, D1, D2, G14, I1, I2,
K3, K6

Joint project with:
Osborne Public Library
Osborne, KS 67473

Ellinwood School Community Library \$25,000 B6, B7, D1, E5, F2, H2,
Ellinwood, KS 67526 H7, H9, I2, I3, J5

See page 18.

Director: Scott Mitchum
(316) 564-2306

Kansas State Library
Topeka, KS 66612

See page 12.

Director: Vikki Stewart
(316) 733-9774

\$25,000 B1, B4, B6, B7, D1, D2,
H2, H4, H10, I6, J4

Russell Public Library
Russell, KS 67665

See page 16.

Director: Martha Brack
(913) 483-2742

\$23,288 F4, G14, I1, I2

KENTUCKY

Grayson County Public Library
Leitchfield, KY 42754

See page 7.

Director: Lindell Sharp
(502) 242-2111

\$6,700 D1, D2, F1, F2, G14, H1,
H7

Harlan County Public Library
Harlan, KY 40831

Director: Thelma Creech
(606) 573-5220

\$25,000 A1, A3, B1, B6, B7, D1,
E1, F2, G10, G14, G15,
H5, I1, I5, J5

Hopkinsville-Christman County
Public Library
Hopkinsville, KY 42240

Director: Mildred Wallace
(502) 887-4264

\$25,000 A1, A3, B1, E1, E8, F1,
F2, H4, H5, H6, H7, J2,
J4, J5, K2

Letcher County Public Library
Whitesburg, KY 41858

Director: Carl Boggs
(606) 633-5431

\$24,693 A1, A2, A3, A4, A8, B1,
B6, D1, D7, F1, H2, I5,
J1, J4, J5, K2, K3

Louisville Free Public Library
Louisville, KY 40203

See page 12.

Director: Darlene Roby
(502) 561-8638

\$15,742 A1, A3, A7, D6, D7, D9,
E1, E5, E6, E8, E13, H5,
H6, H7, J4, K2, K6

Owsley County Public Library
Booneville, KY 41314

Director: Joyce Markum
(606) 593-5700

\$23,890 A1, A3, A4, B1, D1, D2,
D7, E5, E6, E8, E13, F1,
F2, G14, G15, H7, I1,
I4, J5, K2, K3

Pendleton County Public Library
Falmouth, KY 41040
Director: Othelia Moore
(606) 654-8535

\$9,451 A1, A3, B1, D1, D2, G7,
G9, H7, I1, J5, K2, K3

LOUISIANA

Iberia Parish Library
New Iberia, LA 70562
See page 17.

\$25,000 A1, B1, B5, B7, D1, E6,
I2, I4, J5, K2

Director: Sister Alice MacMurdo
(318) 365-0933

Louisiana State Library
Baton Rouge, LA 70821
Director: Ben Brady
(504) 342-4931

\$25,000 A1, B1, B6, H10

Opelousas-Eunice Public Library
Opelousas, LA 70571
Director: Walter Stubbs
(318) 948-3693

\$8,000 C4, D1, D2, D6, D7, F1

St. - nes Parish Library System
Convent, LA 70723
Director: Julie Champagne
(504) 369-3618

\$25,000 A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, D1,
D2, E8, F1, F2, G12, H5,
H6, I1, I5, J2, J4

St. Martin Parish Library
St. Martinville, LA 70582
See page 17.
Director: Gary L. Phillips
(318) 394-4086

\$12,780 A1, A2, A3, A5, A7, B1,
B6, B7, D9, F2, G10, H4,
I5, J2, J3, J4

Shreve Memorial Library
Shreveport, LA 71120
Director: Helen Hudson
(318) 226-5864

\$20,450 B5, D2, D6, D7, I1, I2,
I6, K3

MAINE

Maine State Library
Augusta, ME 04333
Director: Walter Taranko
(207) 289-5620

\$24,980 B4, C3, H5, H8, H10, I4,
J1

Sanford Library Association
Sanford, ME 04073
Director: Kenneth Scott
(207) 324-4714

\$24,872 A1, A2, B1, B6, D1, D2,
I1, I2, J5, K2

MARYLAND

Enoch Pratt Free Library
Baltimore, MD 21201
Director: Rhea Lawson
(301) 396-5470

\$25,000 B1, B5, B7, D1, D2, D6,
D7, F3, G10, H10, K2,
K4

Prince George's County
Memorial Library
Hyattsville, MD 20782
Director: Honore Francois
(301) 699-3500

\$19,789 A3, E8, F1, F2, G7, G10,
J5

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston Public Library
Boston, MA 02116
See page 17.
Director: Leslie Loke
(617) 536-5400

\$25,000 A7, B5, D3, D5, D7, E1,
E4, G8, H4, H7, J3, J5,
K2

Brookline Public Library
Brookline, MA 02146
See page 17.
Director: Michael Steinfeld
(617) 730-2360

\$25,000 B7, D3, D5, D7, E4, H4,
J3, J4

Fall River Public Library
Fall River, MA 02720
Director: Regina Slezak
(508) 676-8541

\$23,825 A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, A8,
B1, B6, D1, D2, D3, G3,
H5, H7, I4, I6, J4, J5
K2, K4

The Forbes Library
Northampton, MA 01060
Director: Blaise Bisailon
(413) 584-8399

\$23,850 A1, C1, C2, D1, D2, D4,
D5, D6, D8, F1, F2, G8,
G10, H4, H5, I4, I7, K5

Lawrence Public Library
Lawrence, MA 01841
See page 7.
Director: Richard McLaughlin
(508) 682-1727

\$24,441 B1, B7, E1, E3, E4, E6,
F1, F2, H4, H9, I2, I3,
J5, K1, K2

Massachusetts Board of Library
Commissioners
Boston, MA 02215
Director: Shelley Quesada
(617) 267-9400
Joint project with:

\$75,000 I.,

Library of Michigan
Lansing, MI 48909
and
Rhode Island Dept. of State
Library Services
Providence, RI 02903

MICHIGAN

- | | | |
|--|---------|--|
| Greenville Public Library
Greenville, MI 48838
Director: Virginia Schantz
(616) 754-6359 | S17,000 | A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, A7,
A8, B1, B7, C4, D1, D2,
D6, D9, G8, H1, H5, I1,
I3, K1, K2 |
| Jackson District Library
Jackson, MI 49201
Director: Joy Lynn Rosynek
(517) 788-4317 | S25,000 | A1, A2, A3, A6, A8, B1,
B6, B7, D1, D7, G3, H4,
H5, H7, I1, I2, I4, I5,
J2, K2, K3 |
| Kalamazoo Public Library
Kalamazoo, MI 49007
Director: Mary Doud
(616) 342-9837 | S24,999 | A1, A2, A3, A4, A7, B1,
B7, D1, D2, G9, G10,
H4, H7, I1, I2, I4, I5, I6,
I7, J4, K2, K4 |
| Lapeer County Library
Lapeer, MI 48446
Director: Phyllis Clark
(313) 664-9521 | S24,967 | A1, G7, G9, H1, H5, H6,
H7, H8, I8, K2 |
| Library Cooperative of Macomb
Mt. Clemens, MI 48044
<i>See page 13.</i>
Director: Marsha DeVergilio
(313) 286-2750 | S24,995 | G9, H9, I5, I7, J4, J5,
K2, K3 |
| Library of Michigan
Lansing, MI 48909
Director: Sharon Rothenberger
(517) 373-1580 | S25,000 | B5, C1, C2, G9, H1, I1 |
| Mitchell Public Library
Hillsdale, MI 49242
Director: Deni Platt
(517) 437-3346 | S19,548 | A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, B1,
B7, C4, D1, D2, D7, D9,
F2, F3, H5, H7, I1, I2,
I4, I5, K2 |
| Pigeon District Library
Pigeon, MI 48755
Director: Naomi Jantzi
(517) 453-2341 | S25,000 | A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B6,
B7, C4, D1, D2, D6, H4,
H5, H7, H10, I1, I5, J4,
J5 |

Ypsilanti District Library
Ypsilanti, MI 48197
Director: Donna DeButts
(313) 482-0565

\$24,480 A1, D1, D2, D6, D7,
H10, I1, I5, J1, J4, K2,
K3

MINNESOTA

Duluth Public Library
Duluth, MN 55802
See page 4.

\$25,000 A1, D1, F2, G7, G10,
G14, H5, H7, J4, K2

Director: Janet Schroeder
(218) 723-3821

Minneapolis Public Library and
Information Center
Minneapolis, MN 55401
Director: Mary Lawson
(612) 372-6604

\$25,000 A1, A3, F2, H5, J5, K3

MISSISSIPPI

Bolivar County Library
Cleveland, MS 38732
Director: Ronnie Wise
(601) 843-2774

\$22,495 A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, D9,
H1, H2, H4, H5, H6, I1,
I2, I5, J4, K1, K2, K3

Library of Hattiesburg, Petal, and
Forrest County
Hattiesburg, MS 39401
Director: Mary Davis
(601) 582-4461

\$11,500 B5, D1, D2, D6, D7, F1,
F2, H4, I1, J4, K2

Madison County-Canton Public Lib.
Canton, MS 39046
Director: Beverly Herring
(601) 859-3202

\$25,000 A1, A3, A8, D1, D2, D6,
D7, D9, E5, F2, H5, J5,
K2, K3

Tombigbee Regional Library
West Point, MS 39773
Director: Esther W. Pippen
(601) 494-4872

\$25,000 A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, B1,
B6, B7, D9, E4, E5, E6,
E8, F2, G3, H1, H4, H5,
H7, H9, H10, I1, I5, I6,
J2, J5, K1, K2, K3, K4

Union County Library
New Albany, MS 38652
Director: Sarah Pannell
(601) 534-1991

\$19,058 A1, A4, B1, B6, B7, D1,
D2, D9, F1, H3, H7, J5,
K1, K2, K3

MISSOURI

Henry County Library
Clinton, MO 64735

Director: Patricia Hendricks
(816) 885-8944

\$20,261 A1, A4, B1, D1, H5, I1,
I5, J4, J5, K3, K4, K5,
K5

Sedalia Public Library
Sedalia, MO 65301

Director: Donald Morton
(816) 826-1314

\$6,700 A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, D1,
D2, G10, H4, H7 H9.
I5, K2

Trails Regional Library
Warrensburg, MO 64093

Director: Mary Griffith
(816) 747-9177

\$24,961 F1, F2, K1, K2, K3

MONTANA

Butte-Silver Bow Public Library
Butte, MT 59701

Director: Karen Shipley
(406) 723-4175

\$20,000 A1, B1, B6, B7, D1, D2,
F2, G3, H3, I1, J2, K3

Glendive Public Library
Glendive, MT 59330

Director: Gail Nagle
(406) 365-3633

\$24,986 A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, D1,
D2, D9, F1, F2, H4, H5,
H7, I1, I2, I5, J2, J5

Missoula Public Library
Missoula, MT 59802

Director: Ted Schmidt
(406) 721-2005

\$24,800 A1, A2, A5, A8, B1, B7,
I4, I5, J5

Missoula Public Library-
Adult Literacy Parents
Missoula, MT 59802

See page 6.

Director: Ted Schmidt
(406) 721-2005

\$17,424 A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, D2,
E1, G10, H6, I2, J5, K1,
K2, K3

NEBRASKA

Alliance Public Library
Alliance, NE 69301

Director: Betty Balderson
(308) 762-1387

\$23,166 A1, A2, A4, B1, B5, B6,
B7, D1, D2, D6, F2, H1,
H2, H4, I1, I2, J4, K3

Columbus Public Library
Columbus, NE 68601
Director: Robert Trautwein
(402) 564-7116

\$22,122 A1, A2, A3, A6, B1, B6,
D1, D9, E5, E6, F1, F2,
F3, G8, H3, H7, H8, I1,
I2, I4, I5, J2, J4, J5,
K2, K3

Hastings Public Library
Hastings, NE 68901
Director: Linda Rea
(402) 461-2346

\$20,800 B1, B6, D1, H4, I1, I2,
I5, K2, K3, K4

NEVADA

Nevada State Library
Carson City, NV 89710
Director: Bonnie Buckley
(702) 887-2623

\$25,000 B4, B5, B6, B7, C3, D1,
D2, F2, G10, G14, H3,
H4, H10, J4

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Keene Public Library
Keene, NH 03431
See page 15.
Director: Jane Perlungher
(603) 352-0157

\$24,940 A1, A2, B1, B4, B5, B7,
D1, D2, D9, F1, F2, I1,
I5, J3, J5, K2, K5, K6

Nashua Public Library
Nashua, NH 03060
Director: Arthur Ellison
(603) 271-2247

\$25,000 B4, B5

New Hampshire State Library
Concord, NH 03301
Director: Rebecca Albert
(603) 771-3183

\$25,000 B4, B5, C4, E6, E7, H5,
H7, H10, I2, J1, J2, K1

NEW JERSEY

Cumberland County Library
Bridgeton, NJ 08302
Director: Gail Robinson
(609) 694-2833

\$20,120 A5, A7, B1, B4, B6, D1,
D2, D6, D9, H1, H3, H4,
H7, I1, I4

Joint project with:
Franklin Township Public Library
Franklinville, NJ 08322
and

Bridgeton Free Public Library
Bridgeton, NJ 08302
and

Millville Public Library
Millville, NJ 08332

Irvington Public Library
 Irvington, NJ 07111
 Director: Lorelei McConnell
 (201) 372-6400

\$24,015 A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B6,
 D1, D2, E8, F2, G3, I1,
 J5

Joint Free Public
 Library of Morristown
 Morristown, NJ 07960
 Director: Barbara Rice
 (201) 538-6161

\$23,650 B1, B2, B4, B7, D1, F1,
 H1, H4, H10, I4, J2, J5,
 K2

Newark Public Library
 Newark, NJ 07101
 Director: Alex Boyd
 (201) 733-7758

\$25,000 A1, B1, D1, D2, H7, I1,
 I2, K1, K2, K3, K4

Trenton Public Library
 Trenton, NJ 08608
See page 6.
 Director: Laura Breslin
 (609) 392-1828

\$25,000 G10, H5, H7, H9, J5,
 K1, K2, K3, K4

Westwood Free Public Library
 Westwood, NJ 07675
See page 9.
 Director: Anne Roman
 (201) 664-0583

\$22,390 A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B6,
 D1, F1, G8, G11, H4, H8,
 J5, K2, K3, K4

NEW MEXICO

Harwood Public Library
 Taos, NM 87571
 Director: David L. Caffey
 (505) 758-3063

\$16,576 A2, A3, B1, B4, B6, D1,
 D9, G14, H2, H10, I3,
 J5, K3

New Mexico State Library
 Santa Fe, NM 87503
See page 14.
 Director: Scott Sheldon
 (505) 827-3808

\$25,000 B1, B2, B4, B6, B7, G7,
 G10, G12, G15, H1, H4,
 I6, J4

NEW YORK

Amsterdam Free Library
 Amsterdam, NY 12010
 Director: John Brisbin
 (518) 842-1080

\$25,000 A1, A3, B1, B2, D1, F1
 G7, G8, G10, G11, H5,
 I2, K1, K2, K3

Brentwood Public Library Brentwood, NY 11717 Director: Doris Sargeant (516) 273-7883	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B6, D1, I1, I5, J5, K2, K3, K4
Huntington Memorial Library Oneonta, NY 13820 Director: Marie Bruni (607) 432-1980	\$23,280	A1, B1, B5, B7, C3, C4, G14, H1, H7, H10, I1, I2, I6, K2
Nassau Library System Uniondale, NY 11553 Director: Dorothy Furey (516) 292-8920	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, B1, D1, D2, D9, J4, J5, K2
Onondaga County Public Library Syracuse, NY 13202 <i>See page 19.</i> Director: Margaret Horner (315) 448-4700	\$25,000	B1, D2, G8, G9, H1, I5, I7, J1, K3
Schenectady County Public Library Schenectady, NY 12305 Director: JoAnn Adams (518) 382-3500	\$25,000	A8, B7, D1, F2, I2, K1, K2
Suffolk Cooperative Library System Bellport, NY 11713 Director: Maxine Jurow (516) 286-1649	\$24,750	A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B5, B6, D1, D2, D9, F2, G8, H4, I1, I5, J5, K2, K3, K4
Westchester Library System Elmsford, NY 10523 Director: Eva Taben (914) 592-8214	\$23,700	A1, B1, D1, D2, G7, H4, I5, I6, J1

NORTH CAROLINA

Ashe County Library West Jefferson, NC 28694 Director: Jo Greene (916) 246-2041	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, B1, B5, B6, B7, D1, G9, H1, H5, H9, I4, I6, K1, K2, K3
Charlotte/Mecklenburg County Public Library Charlotte, NC 28202 <i>See page 16.</i> Director: Robert Cannon (704) 336-2801	\$25,000	D2, E1, H4

Haywood County Public Library Waynesville, NC 28786 Director: Katherine Y. Armitage (704) 452-5169	\$15,354	A1, B1, B7, G7, G9, G10, H4, H6, H7, J5, K3
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Macon County Public Library Franklin, NC 28734 Director: Cynthia Modlin (704) 524-3600	\$1,400	B6, D1, D2, K2
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Nantahala Regional Library Murphy, NC 28906 Director: Lorraine Briggs (704) 321-5956	\$19,297	A1, A2, B1, H1, H2, H4 H6, H7, H9, J5
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Spruce Pine Public Library Spruce Pine, NC 28777 Director: Theresa Blankenship (704) 765-4866	\$25,000	A1, B7, D2, G3, G7, G12, H7, J5, K1
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Wake County Public Libraries Raleigh, NC 27610 <i>See page 4.</i> Director: Carol Reilly (919) 839-7134	\$10,000	D1, D2, D6, D7, J3
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Yancey County Public Library Burnsville, NC 28714 Director: Theresa Blankenship (704) 765-4866	\$25,000	A1, B5, B7, D1, D2, D6, G7, G12, G14, G15, H6, H7, H9, I1, J5, K3
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NORTH DAKOTA

Fort Berthold Reservation Library Three Affiliated Tribes New Town, ND 58763 <i>See page 4.</i> Director: Quincee Baker-Gwin (701) 627-4635	\$25,000	A1, A3, A4, B1, B3, B4, C4, D1, D2, D4, D6, D7, F1, G2, H5, H7, H9, I1, I2, J4, J5, K1, K3
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OHIO

Auglaize County Public Library Wapakoneta, OH 45895 Director: Michael Furl (419) 738-2921	\$8,825	D1, D2, D6, D7, H7, J4, K2
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Toledo-Lucas County Public Library \$25,000 A6, B1, B3, G7, H5
 Toledo, OH 43624
 Director: Pat Lora
 (419) 259-5325

OKLAHOMA

Buckley Public Library \$22,772 A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B3,
 Poteau, OK 74953 B7, F2, H1, H6, I1, I2,
See page 11. I4, I6, J5, K1, K2

Director: Elizabeth Neff
 (918) 647-3833

Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma \$25,000 A1, A3, B1, D1, D6, F1,
 Tsa-la-gi Library F2, G2, G14, H7, I1, I2,
 Tahlequah, OK 74465 J2, J4, K2

Director: Mary Jo Cole
 (918) 456-0671

Lawton Public Library \$25,000 A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B3,
 Lawton, OK 73501 B6, C3, D1, D2, D7, F1,
 Director: Marion Donaldson F2, G9, G12, G15, H4,
 (405) 248-6287 H5, I1, I2, I5, I6, I7,
 J4, K1, K2, K3

Norman Public Library \$25,000 A1, B1, B6, D1, D2, H2,
 Norman, OK 73069 H5, I1, I4, I5, J4, J5,
 Director: Sally Harris K1, .

(405) 321-1481

Oklahoma Department of Libraries \$24,500 A7, A8, B1, B6, B7, D1,
 Oklahoma City, OK 73105 D2, D9, H?, H4, I2, I4,
 Director: Marilyn Vesely K5, K6, K7
 (405) 521-2502

Ponca City Public Library \$25,000 A5, A7, B1, B2, D1, F2,
 Ponca City, OK 74601 F3, G2, G3, G8, G9, H5,
See page 18. H7, I4, J1, J4, J5

Director: Stephen Skidmore
 (405) 767-0345

Southern Prairie Library System \$24,990 A1, A2, A4, B1, B2, B3,
 Altus, OK 73522 B6, D1, D2, D9, E5, E8,
See page 4. G7, G8, I1, I2, I3, I5,
 J4, J5, K1, K2, K4

Director: Katherine Hale
 (405) 477-2890

Wilburton Public Library
Wilburton, OK 74578
Director: Lois Powers
(918) 465-3751

\$9,790 B1, B6, D1, D2, D5, F1,
G2, G8, I1, I4, J4, J5

OREGON

McMinnville Public Library
McMinnville, OR 97128
Director: Virginia Patton
(503) 434-5958

\$25,000 A1, B1, B3, B6, C3, D1,
D7, H4, H9, I6

PENNSYLVANIA

Bradford Area Public Library
Bradford, PA 16701
Director: Candace Ekdahl
(814) 362-6527

\$17,012 A1, B1, D1, E1, E8, F1,
F2, H7, J4, K5, K6

Buhl-Henderson Community Library
Sharon, PA 16137
Director: Cathy Clark
(412) 981-4360

\$24,400 A1, A2, A4, B1, B3, B6,
B7, C4, D1, D2, D7, D9,
H1, H2, H4, H5, I1, I2,
I5, I7, J3, J4, J5, K1,
K2, K3

Crawford County Federated
Library System
Meadville, PA 16335
Director: Mary Lindquist
(814) 336-1773

\$10,000 A1, A3, D1, F1, G10,
H1, I2, J5, K2

Delaware County Library System
Media, PA 19063
Director: Sally Dow
(215) 891-5190

\$25,000 B5, B6, D1, D2, D6, D7,
E1, J3

Free Library of Philadelphia
Philadelphia, PA 19103
See page 12.
Director: Vickie Collins
(215) 686-5346

\$25,000 C4, D1, G8, I1, J3

Indiana Free Library
Indiana, PA 15701
Director: Dawn Horst
(412) 465-8841

\$21,146 A1, A2, A3, A5, A7, A8,
B1, B2, B7, D1, D2, D6,
D9, G8, G10, G14, H1,
I1, I4, I5, I8, K4

State Library of Pennsylvania
Harrisburg, PA 17105

See page 12.

Director: Elizabeth A. Funk
(717) 783-5737

\$25,000 B4, G14, H1, H2, H4, H5
H7, H9, H10, I1, J4

Sto-Rox Free Lending Library
McKees Rocks, PA 15136

See page 15.

Director: Amy Chapple
(412) 771-6460

\$3,015 C4, D1, D2, D6, D7, E1,
K1, K2, K3

RHODE ISLAND

Coventry Public Library
Coventry, RI 02816

Director: Virginia Carter
(401) 822-9100

\$9,560 B1, B6, C4, D1, D2, D7,
F1, I1, I5, K1, K2

SOUTH CAROLINA

Chester County Library
Chester, SC 29706

Director: Ann Ramsey
(803) 377-8145

\$5,000 D1, D2, F2, H4, H7, I2
J4, K2

South Carolina State Library
Columbia, SC 29211

Director: Mark Pumphrey
(803) 734-8666

\$25,000 B1, B2, B3, B5, B6, B7,
G7, H2

SOUTH DAKOTA

Oglala Lakota College
Learning Resource Center/
Oglala Sioux Tribe
Kyle, SD 57752

See page 9.

Director: Dicksy Howe
(605) 455-2321

\$24,715 A1, B7, C4, D4, D6, D7,
G2, H10, J3, J4

TENNESSEE

Kingsport Public Library
Kingsport, TN 37660

Director: Jud B. Barry
(615) 229-9488

\$11,069 A1, B1, B6, D1, D9, F1,
H4, J2, J5, K2

Macon County Public Library
Lafayette, TN 37083

Director: Rulene Blankenship
(615) 666-4340

\$14,500 D1, D2, D6, D7, F1, H4,
H5, H7, I1, K2

TEXAS

Alice Public Library Alice, TX 78332 Director: Alicia Salinas (512) 664-9506	\$24,350	A1, A3, A6, B1, B3, B6, B7, D1, D2, D9, H1, H5, H6, H7, I1, I2, J5, K2, K4
Andrews County Library Andrews, TX 79714 Director: Kay Robins (915) 523-4964	\$23,350	A1, A8, G8, G10, K3, K5
Aubrey Area Library Aubrey, TX 76227 Director: Jayne Clark (817) 365-2113	\$23,407	A1, A2, A3, B1, B6, D1, D9, G14, H1, H7, I1, I5, J2, J4, J5, K1, K2, K3
Dallas Public Library Dallas, TX 75212 <i>See page 13.</i> Director: Donna Johnson (214) 637-1204	\$25,000	A1, B1, D1, F2, I1, I2, K3
Delta County Public Library Cooper, TX 75432 Director: Cindy Switzer (214) 395-4575	\$25,000	A1, A3, A4, B1, D1, F2, G7, G8, G11, H2, K1, K2
Eagle Pass Public Library Eagle Pass, TX 78852 Director: Sue Croom (512) 773-1915	\$24,968	A1, A4, B2, B6, D2, F2, G8, I1, I3, I5, K1, K2, K3, K4
Ector County Library Odessa, TX 79761 Director: Barbara Horton (915) 333-9633	\$25,000	A1, A8, B1, B2, G8, H4, H7, H8, K3
Emily Fowler Public Library Denton, TX 76201 Director: Carol Weller (817) 566-8470	\$24,218	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, B1, B6, B7, C4, D1, D2, D9, G10, H6, H7, I1, I2, J2, J4, J5, K1, K2, K3
Franklin County Public Library Mt. Vernon, TX 75457 Director: Sue Barker (214) 537-4916	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, B1, B6, D1, D2, E8, E9, E13, G7, G8, G10, G12, H7, H9, J4, J5, K1, K2, K3, K4

Houston Public Library Houston, TX 77002 <i>See page 4.</i> Director: Len Radoff (713) 247-2227	\$25,000	A1, A4, B4, E6, G10, H7, H9, I1, I2, I3, K2
Pittsburg Camp County Library Pittsburg, TX 75686 Director: Russell Herbst (214) 856-3302	\$25,000	A1, A3, A5, B1, B6, F2, G8, G10, H2, H5, I1, I2, I4, I5, I6, J5
Sinton Public Library Sinton, TX 78387 Director: Kathleen M. Nixie (512) 364-4545	\$9,900	A1, A3, A4, A5, B1, B6, B7, D1, D2, F2, H2, I1, I3, I5, J4, J5, K3
Smithville Public Library Smithville, TX 78957 Director: Karen S. Bell (512) 237-2707	\$20,179	A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, B6, D1, D6, G8, H1, H2, H3, H7, I1, I5, J2, J4, J5, K1, K2, K3, K4
Sterling Municipal Library Baytown, TX 77520 <i>See page 18.</i> Director: Denise R. Fischer (713) 427-7331	\$9,669	B1, B6, D1, D3, E7, F2, G10, H9
Texarkana Public Library Texarkana, TX 75501 <i>See page 11.</i> Director: Sandra Holmes (214) 794-2140	\$21,076	A6, B1, B6, D1, D2, E4, E8, E12, G10, H7, H9, I1, I2, I5, K2
Weslaco Public Library Weslaco, TX 78596 <i>See page 17.</i> Director: Frances Isbell (512) 968-4533	\$22,295	A1, A2, A3, B2, B6, B7, D1, D5, D9, E1, F2, G8, I3, J2, J4, J5, K2
UTAH		
Provo City Public Library Provo, UT 84601 Director: Beth Robison (801) 379-6650	\$25,000	A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B5, C4, D6, H7, H8, H9, J4, K2, K3

Richfield City Library
 Richfield, UT 84701
 Director: Ronna Leyba
 (801) 896-8214

S25,000 B1, B6, B7, D1, F2, G8,
 I.5, H7, H9, J4, K1, K3

VIRGINIA

Blue Ridge Regional Library
 Martinsville, VA 24112
 Director: Pam Mason
 (703) 632-2614

S24,115 A1, B3, D1, F4, G9, G10,
 I2, I5, K2

Boletourt County Library
 Roanoke, VA 24012
 Director: Stephen Vest
 (703) 977-3433

S12,184 A1, B1, B7, D1, D2, E1,
 G9, G14, H1, H7, I1, I5,
 J4, J5, K2

Bristol Public Library
 Bristol, VA 24201
 Director: Patricia Freedman
 (703) 669-8921

S24,457 A3, B1, H6, J5, K3

Hampton Public Library
 Hampton, VA 23669
 Director: Carol Stein
 (804) 727-5630

S8,644 B4, F1, F2, J5

Loudoun County Public Library
 Leesburg, VA 22075
See page 15.

S8,000 D1, D2, D6, H4, I1, J4

Director: Toni Garvey
 (703) 777-0368

Prince William County Public Lib.
 Prince William, VA 22192
 Director: Irene Padilla
 (703) 335-6100

S24,825 C4, D1, D2, D6, E1, E8,
 H , H7, I1, I7, K3, K4

Richmond Public Library
 Richmond, VA 23219
 Director: Robert Costa
 (804) 780-4756

S24,519 A1, B1, D1, F2, H2, H7,
 J5

Smyth-Bland Regional Library
 Marion, VA 24354
 Director: Sharon Dempsey
 (703) 783-2323

S22,000 A1, A2, A6, B6, D1, D2,
 F1, F2, H1, H5, I2, I4

Tazewell County Public Library Tazewell, VA 24651 Director: Laurie Surface (703) 988-3639	S25,000	A1, A2, A3, B1, F2, G8, G14, H1, H7, H9, H10, I1, I2, I4, I5, I6, J3, J4, J5, K2, K3, K4
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Virginia Beach Department of Libraries Virginia Beach, VA 23456 Director: Martha Sims (804) 427-4321	S13,548	F1, F2, H5, H6, H7, J5
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Wythe-Grayson Regional Library Independence, VA 24348 Director: Mary H. Candill (703) 773-3018	S22,264	A1, A2, A3, A4, A8, B1, B6, D1, D2, F2, G8, G10, G14, I1, I2, I4, I5, I6, J2, J5, K2
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WASHINGTON

Longview Public Library Longview, WA 98632 Director: Marion Otteraaen (206) 577-3380	S22,588	A1, A2, A3, A5, B1, B7, D1, D6, D7, F3, G10, H1, H9, I2, I6, J5, K1, K2, K3, K4
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Lummi Reservation Library System Bellingham, WA 98226 Director: Pauline Hanson (206) 5-2772	S25,000	B4, D1, F1, F2, G2, G10, K6
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Washington State Library Olympia, WA 98504 Director: Marie Zimmerman (206) 753-2114	S25,000	B4, H3, H4, H10, K4
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WEST VIRGINIA

City-County Public Library Moundsville, WV 26041 Director: Jean Orr (304) 845-6911	S14,983	A2, B1, B6, B7, D1, H7, I4, K3
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Monroe County Library Union, WV 24983 Director: Judith Azulay (304) 772-3580	S49,962	A1, A3, B1, D1, D2, E1, G10, H5, I1, I5, I8, J5, K1, K2, K5, K6
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Joint project with:
Peterstown Public Library
Peterstown, WV 24963

West Virginia Library Commission \$25,000 B4, B6, B7, H4, H1G, J1
Charleston, WV 25305

See page 14.

Director: Shirley Smith
(304) 348-2041

WISCONSIN

Milwaukee Public Library \$25,000 A1, D5, G9, H1, I2, J1,
Milwaukee, WI 53233 J2, J4

See page 18.

Director: Virginia Schwartz
(414) 278-3216

SECTION VI

STATISTICAL INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS

I. Funding History

	Authorization	Appropriation	Number	Awards Made Amount
1986	\$5,000,000	\$4,785,000	239	\$4,736,643
1987	5,000,000	5,000,000	245	5,000,000
1988	5,000,000	4,787,000	224	4,787,000
1989	5,000,000	4,730,000	214	4,730,000

II. FY 1989 Applications

Number received: 533 from 49 States

Amount requested: \$11,541,193

Number funded: 214 in 47 States

Types of applicants:	Number of Applications	Number of Awards
State Libraries	22	16
Local Public Libraries	502	193
Joint Applications	9	5
TOTAL	533	214

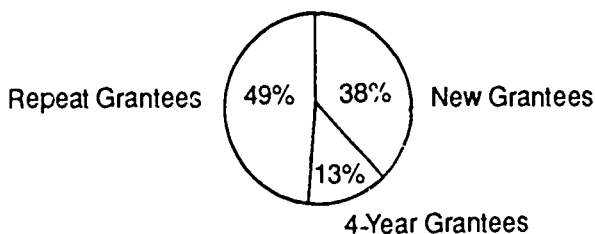
- New Applicants: Of the 533 applications received, 173 or 32 percent were from libraries that had not applied in any previous year.
- Almost one-half (45%) of the libraries that were unsuccessful last year who reapplied this year were awarded grants.

III. Comparison of Grantees for FYs 1986-1989

- New Grantees: Over one-third (38%) of the grants made in FY 1989 were awarded to new grantees. Of the 214 grants made, 81 were awarded to libraries that had not received an LSCA Title VI grant before. This is the same percentage of new grantees as last year.
- Repeat Grantees: About one-half (49%) of the FY 1989 grantees previously have received a grant, i.e., in FY 1986, 1987, or 1988. However, most grantees are not receiving back-to-back grants. Only 47 of the libraries that received grants this year were also funded last year.

- **Four-Year Grantees:** About 13 percent of the recipients of FY 1989 grants--27 libraries--have received grants in all four years of the LSCA Title VI program.

The following figure shows the breakdown of FY 1989 grantees:



IV. FY 1989 Activities - Explanation of Analysis

The activities listed in Section IV have been analyzed in terms of the types of activities being conducted by State and local public libraries in LSCA Title VI projects. Since all libraries are engaged in multiple activities, libraries may be counted in more than one activity or category. However, when analyzing how many libraries participate in specific category of activities (i.e., Training), libraries were counted only once no matter how many activities within that category they performed.

For these analytical purposes the categories are:

Students and Tutors: Recruiting, matching students; maintaining records; providing recognition activities for students or tutors.

Training: Training tutors, tutor trainers, or librarians; providing in-service workshops for these groups; providing training materials; orienting library staff to literacy programs.

Literacy Resources: Developing training or planning manuals, curriculum guides, resource directories, or bibliographies.

Literacy Materials: Acquiring instructional or recreational literacy materials; field testing instructional materials; developing student-produced or culturally relevant materials; providing student workbooks; processing or circulating literacy materials.

Specialized Instruction: Providing instruction in specific areas such as writing, math, life-skills; field testing instructional methods; orienting students to library usage; using specific groups as tutors.

Technology: Equipping an adult literacy resource center, providing computer-assisted instruction; building computerized data files; providing literacy instruction via cable television.

Targeted Populations: Providing literacy services to specific groups such as Indian tribes, the learning disabled, prison populations, adults who speak English as a second language, rural areas; providing workforce or family literacy services.

Coalitions/Cooperation: Establishing or serving on literacy councils; coordinating activities with literacy councils, other literacy providers, community leaders, schools, adult basic educations, colleges; stimulating libraries to provide literacy services.

Public Awareness: Developing printed promotional materials; producing promotional videos or public service announcements; promoting literacy programs in more than one language, publishing newsletters; giving speeches; presenting public seminars on literacy, sponsor Literacy Day, Week, or Month.

Evaluation: Assessing the literacy needs of a community or individual students, evaluating materials, programs, or student progress

General Services: Setting up the library as a literacy headquarters; providing office space and equipment or space for instruction; providing clerical assistance, providing childcare or transportation services; establishing a model project.

V. State Library Activities

- The activities with the largest number of State libraries participating are coalition building and cooperation activities. Of the 16 State libraries funded by LSCA Title VI this year 15 are involved in coordinating literacy activities with other literacy providers. Most State libraries are working with State or local literacy councils (9 libraries) or stimulating local libraries to get involved in literacy (9 libraries).
- Last year, the top two activity categories for State libraries were Training and Coalitions/Cooperation. These were the same top two categories again in FY 1989, though in reverse order. The majority of the State libraries are supporting activities in the following categories in FY 1989 (listed in descending order): Coalitions/Cooperation (15 libraries), Training (14 libraries); and Evaluation (10 libraries). Usually, the State libraries are supporting these activities to assist libraries throughout their state in planning or implementing a literacy program.

- Fewer State libraries are working in the categories that relate to implementing literacy programs at local levels (listed in descending order): Targeted Populations (8 libraries); Public Awareness (7 libraries); Literacy Resources (5 libraries); Students/Tutors (3 libraries); Literacy Materials (3 libraries); General Services (3 libraries); Technology (2 libraries); and Specialized Instruction (1 library). Generally, the State libraries working in these areas are doing so on a state-wide basis.
- The percentage of State libraries conducting activities in each category is summarized in Figure 6.

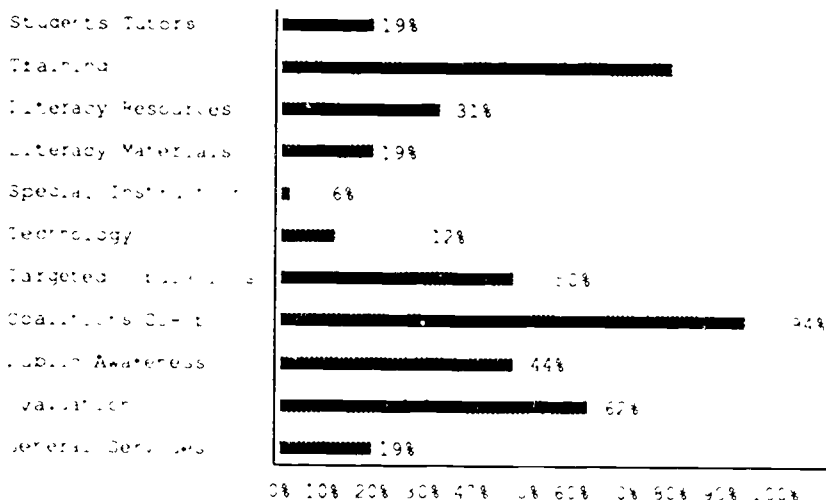


Figure 6. State Library Activities

VI. Local Public Library Activities.

- Most of the projects in local public libraries funded by LSCA Title VI include a tutoring component. Therefore, the activities with the largest number of participating local public libraries are those designed to assist tutors: developing literacy collections, recruiting students and tutors, training tutors, providing space in libraries for literacy services, and producing printed promotional materials. Of the 198 local public libraries funded by LSCA Title VI this year, 142 are acquiring instructional literacy materials, 126 are training tutors, 130 are recruiting students and tutors, 101 are acquiring recreational literacy materials, 99 are providing space in their libraries, and 95 are developing printed promotional materials.
- As with State libraries, the top two activity categories for local public libraries are the same as last year's, but in reverse order. In FY 1989, the majority of local public libraries are supporting activities in

the following categories (listed in descending order): Literacy Materials (163 libraries), Training (155 libraries), Students/Tutors (148 libraries); Coalitions/ Cooperation (145 libraries); General Services (141 libraries). These are activities that are necessary to operate a literacy program in a community.

- Two-thirds or less of the local public libraries are engaged in the following categories (listed in descending order): Public Awareness (136 libraries); Evaluation (116 libraries); Targeted Populations (108 libraries); Technology (90 libraries); Specialized Instruction (42 libraries); Literacy Resources (22 libraries). Most of these activities are more specialized and not essential to every literacy program.
- The percentage of local public libraries conducting activities in each category is summarized in Figure 7.

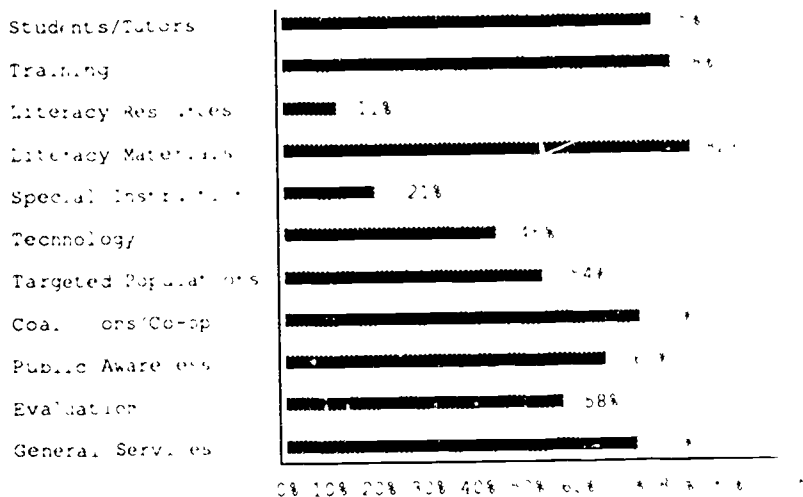
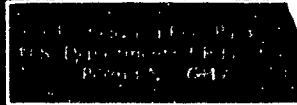


Figure 7: Local Public Library Activities

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Department of Education
Washington, D C 20208-5571

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